

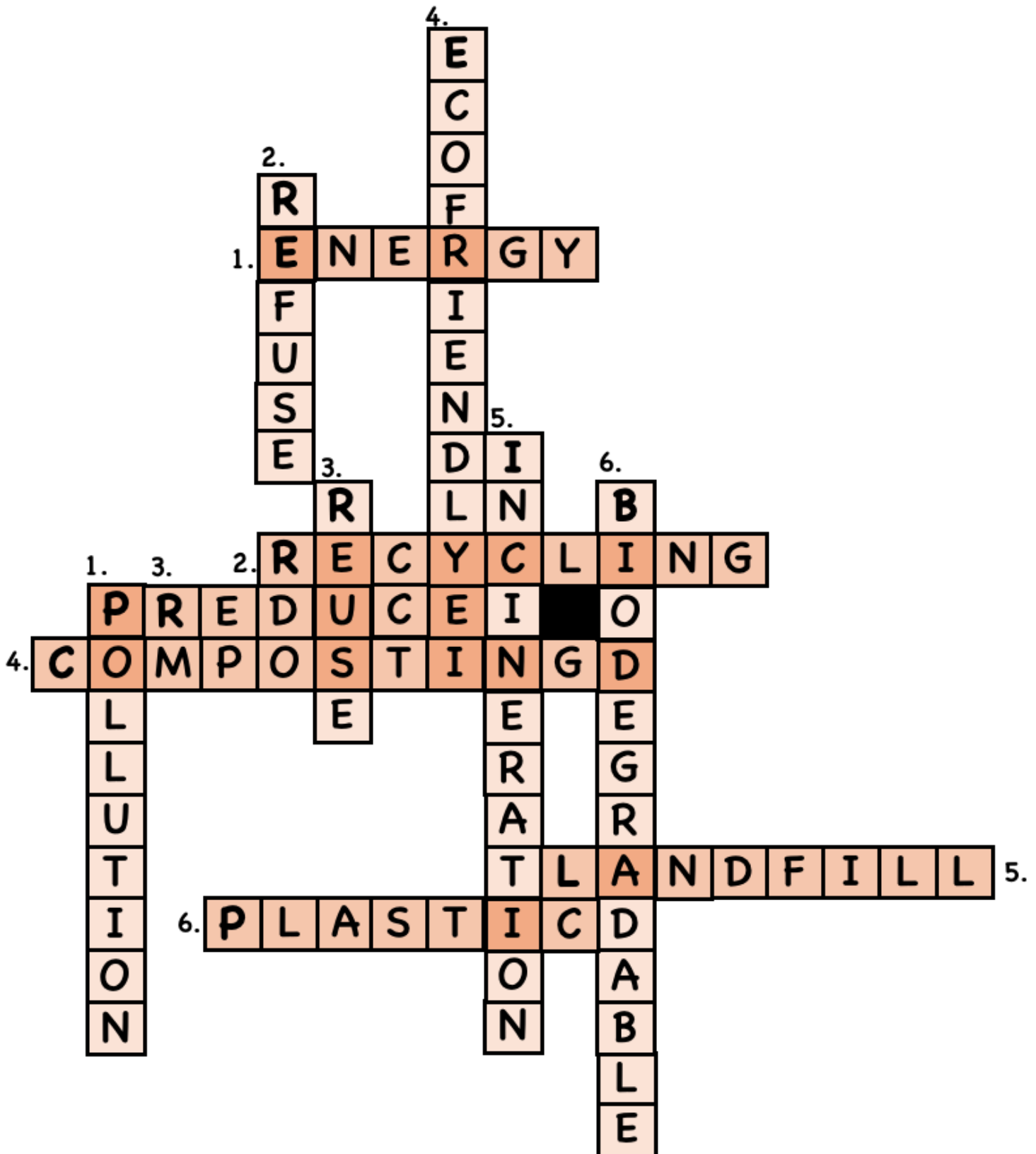
Across

1. Generated from waste, it can be used for electricity/fuels etc.
2. Process of converting waste materials into reusable materials.
3. Decreasing the amount of waste produced.
4. Decay of organic waste into nutrient-rich soil.
5. Site for the disposal of waste materials by burial.
6. Synthetic material that is a major contributor to pollution.

Down

1. Contamination of the environment by harmful substances.
2. Another word for "Waste". Includes both recyclables and general waste.
3. Using items again, either for the same purpose or a different one.
4. Practices or products that do not harm the environment.
5. Waste disposal method involving burning waste at high temperatures.
6. Materials that can be broken down by bacteria or other living organisms.

Answer Key



Skills: Spelling, Problem-Solving, Cognitive, Perseverance and Focus, Knowledge Acquisition, Analytical Thinking, Cultural Literacy

Answer Key

Across

1. **ENERGY** - Generated from waste, it can be used for electricity/fuels etc.
2. **RECYCLING** - Process of converting waste materials into reusable materials.
3. **REDUCE** - Decreasing the amount of waste produced.
4. **COMPOSTING** - Decay of organic waste into nutrient-rich soil.
5. **LANDFILL** - Site for the disposal of waste materials by burial.
6. **PLASTIC** - Synthetic material that is a major contributor to pollution.

Down

1. **POLLUTION** - Contamination of the environment by harmful substances.
2. **REFUSE** - Another word for "Waste". Includes both recyclables and general waste.
3. **REUSE** - Using items again, either for the same purpose or a different one.
4. **ECOFRIENDLY** - Practices or products that do not harm the environment.
5. **INCINERATION** - Waste disposal method involving burning waste at high temperatures.
6. **BIODEGRADABLE** - Materials that can be broken down by bacteria or other living organisms.